COURT OF APPEALS DECIDES THE WALLACE BRANDY CASE.

COULD NOT CONTRACT AT THAT TIME

unjor Gaines's Administrator's Suit Against the Auditor Fails-A Man Gets Out of the Penitentiary Because of Lack of Evidence.

my the decision of the case of Wallace cainst the City of Richmond, in the opreme Court of Appeals yesterday, ere is closed a chapter in history which has been standing open for thirty-one

April 2, 1865, was a dreadful day to the ople of Richmond and the entire South. R was on that night that the Federal crees entered this city. A few hours nior to the evacuation the City Council vened and directed that twenty-five irens from each ward be appointed

destroy immediately the stock of liquor the city. In doing this some eightybarrels of apple brandy belonging to Gustavus A. Wallace was poured upon the streets. The object of the in destroying this and other liquor as to prevent it from falling into the ands of Federal soldiers and causing on to commit greater depredations than

1921 Wallace brought suit in the Cir Court of the city of Richmond to yer damages to the extent of \$30,000 me of the personal loss he had sus-Circuit Court rendered Judgmen the defendant, and the case came to Supreme Court of Appeals. The of this court, which was rendered y, was prepared by Judge Cardthat the main question is: Did noil have the right, under the law, t the destruction of the plaintiff's and bind the city to pay him for it? judged cases, growing out of the and of the City of Richme Smith (United States 15, Wall, 437). opinion goes on to say in the last named case has any ling influence in the consideration case at bar. The court, after

Jones case very lengthii OPINION IN THE JONES CASE. Speaking of the opinion in this case

ng briefly to the Smith case, goes

The court, in its opinion by Rives The court, in its opinion of the court, but does not discuss the first defence, but ognizing us it would seem, the printle contended for, proceeds to main a that whatever might be the common that whatever might be the common that whatever might be not trade. rule as to indemnity, the act itself one of eminent domain. It quoted in the charter provision, which auticed the city to pass all by-laws, and regulation which they shall im necessary for the peace, comfort, reprience, good order good prorals. alth, or safety of the city or of the copie, or property therein'; also, that covision prohibiting the city from aking or using any private property for public purposes without making to the owner or owners thereof just compensation for the same' and held that the city was liable under those two provisions."

The opinion of Judge Cardwell takes different view. It says: "No authori-

a different view. It says: "No authorities are cited in support of the construc-tion given to the charter, and the opinion recognizes that it is not sustained by the adjudged cases. The view taken by the court was that the 'general welfare' the court was that the general weather clause having conferred upon the city the power of eminent domain, there were two modes open to the Council, first, to direct the destruction of these stores, leaving the question of the city's liability afterwards litigated and deter alined; or, secondly, assuming their lia-lity to contract for the values destroyed neer their order, and that the Council

DIDN'T TAKE THAT VIEW.

Judge Cardwell in this connection, says. "While we recognize that one of the primary and fundamental capacities of a corporation is to contract and be contracted with, we find ourselves wholly ble to concur in the view taken by court in Jones's case, that the char-of the city of Richmond in force ril 2, 1865, conferred upon the Council power and authority in the exercise eminent domain to direct the destrucof the plaintiff's liquor and bind city to contract, or otherwise, to pay for it." A long string of authorities quoted from to sustain the court at

opinion rendered yesterday says that had the Henors been destroyed by authority of the State to keep them out the hands of the invading army, no overy of its value could have been had, e resolutions of the Council clearly w that the liquors were ordered to be stroyed in anticipation of riot, lawwhich pertains to the sovereign power the State, though confided to local noise, the officers of the city. "Under circumstances and surroundings," Judge Cardwell, "the Council of the rtake the destruction of all rs within the limits of the city, and edge the faith of the city to pay for The power to do this is not, in binion, necessarily or fairly implied express power granted to the city its possession was not indispensable performance of its corporate du the accomplishment of the purof its incorporation, whether the sions of its charter be construed

natruction applicable

THE JUDGMENT AFFIRMED. in closing his cole opinion, Judge Cardsupport of the position that the of eminent domain may be exer aid of police power-the one is and the other Sweet vs. 129 54; and the other Sweet vs.
129 [Inited States, 396-but both
o cases arose in the State of Masetts, where there are statutes aung and regulating the exercise of demain in aid of the police. We have no such statutes in Vir-Moreover, if such were the case could be no exercise of the right wer, unless the power of eminent was conferred upon the city by or the general statutes of the omain was not conferred upon by its charter or general statutes authorize it to take or destro; within its limits on April 2 aid of the police power or other being without this power the to pay was ultra vires and, there-

ist the liability of the city in the bar the authorities are numed, we may say, the line unbroken, by the decision in the Jones case founded upon a construction harter of the city unsustained by othority cited, and as we cannot in the construction of the charter in that case, the judgment of the below in this most be affirmed."

Major Gaines's Salary. nother interesting case decided in the

tor. This was a mandamus pro-ing to compel the Auditor of Public It ints to pay to the administrator of duli moment in the play. The characters are natural, the situations are ladicrous, and the dialogue sparkling. The comedy are natural, the situations are ladicrous, and the dialogue sparkling. The comedy is one of conspicuous excellence. A number of the Code, providing that diegister of the Land Office shall be intendent of Weights and Measure. d Office for seven years prior to his aperintendent of Weights and Measures, A Dime Corn Salve Cures.

and as such superintendent shall receive and as such superintendent shall receive a compensation of 500 per annum." The court, in refusing the writ of mandamus, points to the eighth division of section 183, of the Code, which says: "The Register of the Land Office, who shall also be the Superintendent of Public Buildings and also of Weights and Measures, \* \* shall annually receive the tion for all his services." The in the opinion prepared by Judge The court, says the two sections with respect to the salary present a case of apparent, if not real, repugnancy, and that the allowance of the additional \$300 to the

Register of the Land Office for the disharge of the duties of Superintendent of Weights and Measures would be in direct violation of the eighth division of se 183. The opinion went on to say that the only reconcilable view which could be taken of these laws was that the \$300 for the services of Superintendent of Weights and Measures should come from the compensation of \$1.500 allowed the Regis-

ter of the Land Office, the Superintendent of Public Buildings, and the Superintend-ent of Weights and Measures. During Major Gaines's lifetime he only simed the \$1,500 per annum.

Gets Out of the Penitentiary.

The case of Garner against the Comconwealth was also decided yesterday, and a white man, named Garner, is to be released from the penitentiary by reason of this fact. Carner was sent to the penitentiary for three years, upon oing convicted of burning a mill-ouse belonging to O. S. Davis. The ceused admitted being at the mill on the night of the fire, that tracks lead ing to and from it were made by him, and that he and the owner of the proerty were not on good terms, but he enied that he was the incendiary. He as convicted, however, and his motion or a new trial on the ground that the was overruled. An appeal was taken, and in reversing the lower court, Judge Keith, who prepared the opinion of the

ourt of Appeals, says:
"The utmost that can be said of the proof is that it shows the burning of the mill as the act of an incendiary, that the prisoner had the opportunity to commit the crime, and that he cherished ill-feeling towards the owner f the property destroyed. These cir umstances were sufficient to cause the prisoner to be suspected of the crime and rendered an investigation of it pro-per to ascertain whether or not be had ny connection with it, but in our judgment falls short of that degree of proof which warrants a conviction, or which will sustain a verdict under our statute, which requires us to consider the motion for a new trial, as upon a demurrer to the evidence by the pris-

Some of the Minor Cases. An interesting case, was that of the Piedmont Bank, &c., against Hatcher and others, the opinion in which was against Hatcher repared by Judge Buchanan. The obect of this suit was to set aside a conveyance of certain lands, upon the ay, and defraud the creditors of the granter, and to subject the lands to he payment of certain negotiable notes eld by the appellants. The answer of eld by the appellants. ne of the makers of the notes denied that the payee endorsed them to the complainant as alleged in the bill. It cas alleged that the notes were pro-ured by fraud, brought about by some ransactions over a "patent chur bower," The Supreme Court, after dis cussing all the questions involved, af-Judge Harrison prepared and read the opinion of the court in the case of Win-ter against the Southern Loan and Inad the

vestment Company. The case was one of alleged breach of contract. The comof alleged breach of contract. The pany, it appears, employed Winter as general manager, at a salary of \$100 per month, but he was to receive \$36.662-3 per month, in the event that bonds of the Howard's-Grove Development Com-pany were sold in excess of \$15,000. The company did not deem it to its interest to furnish the bonds for sale. The holds that there was no failure on the part of the defendant company to comply with its contract and affirms the judgment of the lower court.

Other Supreme Court Matters.

Moore Lime Company vs. Richardson's Administrator. Writ of error and super-sedeas. Circuit Court, Botetourt county.

ond, \$1,500. McClanahan, etc., vs. Hockman, Freuit Court of Shenandoah county, Ap-eal and supersedeas, Bond, \$200. Rangeley's Administrator vs. Southern Rangeley's Administrator vs. Southern Railway Company. Corporation Court of Conville. Writ of error and supersedeas.

Elchburg vs. Laupheimer, Corporation Court, city of Alexandria, Writ of error Webb vs. Commonwealth. Writ of error

refused to Circuit Court of Carroll county. Banner's Executor vs. Rosser, Motion

Banner's Executor vs. to reinstate. Cause submitted.
Sherwood and others vs. Atlanta and John W. Happer, Esq., for petitioner, Danville Railroad Company. Argued by and Alfred P. Thom, Esq., for defend-

CHILDREN OF LINEAL DESCENT. The National Society of Children of

the American Revolution. The organization of a patriotic society of children of lineal descent from those who helped to forward the war of the Revolution was a happy inspiration. The originator of this society was Mrs. Daniel othrop, of Concord, Mass., the widow of the well-known publisher, and herself known and loved by children everywhere as "Margaret Sidney," author of "The Five Little Peppers," and other juvenile favorites. The society was incorporated in Washington April 11, 1855, and is under the management of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Its objects are patriotic and educational. A uniform study of American history will be undertaken by the children. The local societies will teach young people confidence in debate and recitation, and experience in the con duct of the society affairs and a know-ledge of fundamental parliamentary rules, which will some time be very valuable

to them. There are three chapters already in Virginia, of which Mrs. Mary Louise Har-rison, of Richmond; Miss Margaret Dab-ney, of Lynchburg, and Mrs. John Sampson, of Charlottesville, are presidents. The State director, who has charge of the

The State director, who has charge of the whole society in Virginia, is Miss Bell Perkins, of Richmond.

There will be a meeting of the society on Saturday afternoon at half-past 4 o'clock at the Virginia Historical Society. All children of lineal descent from any actor in the American Revolution, civil or milliant who was a known patriot or military, who was a known patriot, are cordially invited to attend this meeting and join the society. The fees are only 50 cents a year. The State promoters re Mrs. Charles Washington Coleman, f Williamsburg; Mrs. Reginald Gilham, of Richmond; Miss Margaret Vowell Smith, Richmond; Miss Margaret voted that of Alexandria; Mrs. Mary Stuart Smith, of Charlottesville, The national officers are: President, Mrs. Daniel Lothrop; Vice-Presidents—Mrs. John D. Foster, Mrs. Mary Harrison McKee, Mrs. Henry Mrs. Mary Harrison McKee, Mrs. Hearly F. Blount, Miss Amelia S. Knight, Mis, Julia E. Smith, Mrs. James Lyons, and Mrs. T. H. Alexander; Treasurer, Mrs. Violet B. Janin; Secretary, Mrs. Charles A. Mann; Registrar, Mrs. Rosa Wright Smith; Chapian, Mrs. Tennis S. Hamlin.

Our Flat Here To-Night.

Ryley's comedians, touring under the joint management of Mr. T. G. Leath and Mr. Thomas Ryley, will present the musi-cal concedy success, "Our Flat," at the Academy of Music to-night and at matire of Appeals yesterday was that of The comedy is by Musgrave, and has one to the third that the a record of 789 continuous performances.

It made an instantaneous hit in New
York at the Lyceum Theatre, where it Calnes, who was Register of the Office for seven years prior to his duil moment in the play. The characters

THE CHAMBER'S WORK

IMPORTANT MEETING OF THIS IM-PORTANT BUSINESS BODY.

CHEERING WORDS OF PRES'T HAWES.

The City Has Held Up Well and the Outlook Is Encouraging-The Present Officers Re-Elected-To Have Better Schedules-Public Meetings.

The annual meeting of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday evening, in accordance with a recent amendment of the constitution fixing the date for this meeting in January of each year, instead of during the month of June. President S. H. Hawes occupied the chair, and there was an unusually large attendance, demonstrating the wisdom of the change with respect to the time of the meeting.

The minutes of the previous meeting having been read and approved, President Hawes submitted his report, as follows:

"No elaborate report will be made of the Chamber's work at this meeting, inasmuch as the annual report was made last July, and in view also of the yearly statements, no recently made through the newspaper columns. Much has been written recently by essayists in the papers, giving a gloomy view of our city's manufacturing interests and progress in general. The actual facts and figures give us better cheer; and, if these writers will read our Traffic Bureau reports, and look into the steady and ef-licient work of our committee, more opalsm would prevail.

I would suggest to those of pessimistic tendencies as to our city that they go to the brow of Libby Hill some fine morning (be there by 7 o'clock), and look down upon our city. They will have their eyes opened and their hearts warmed. As the bells ring out the hour warmed. As the bells ring out the hour of 7, as far as the city extends, white spurts of steam will be seen, springing ike banners in the sky, each one marking a manufacturing plant. It is a beau tiful sight, and one full of encourage ment to every one who loves this dear old city, and longs and works for its

LOOK AND BE REJOICED.

"I advise our dispirited friends to visit Libby Hill, and drink in comfort, and enthusiasm. Open your hearts wide, for the view there will do you good! Many of the 'plants are small (in their infancy) but, 'despise not the day of small things

"A traveller told me that on a recen visit to Europe he visited a noted forest. As he rode through he expressed his ad miration of the trees. His guid old forester, said: 'Walt until you His guide, an to the next belt. They are far hand-somer and more firmly set than these because these were too old when transplanted, and, consequently, now then, some of them fall in the ste But the next belt was raised from slips, and the roots and trunks grew strengthened together.' So will it be with these small 'plants.' Their strength omes with their growth. the large and successful 'plants' in this city as a verification of the small be-

term of office having expired, I extend my sincere thanks to the direc-tory for its uniform courtesy to its pre-siding officer, and for its hearty work in all things pertaining to the Chamber's

Interest THE OFFICERS COMMENDED.
"I wish also to bear witness to the effectual work of the regular and special committees. sponded most cheerfully to every call made upon them. As to the secretary of the Chamber, Mr. R. A. Dunlop, no words are sufficient to express my preciation of his untiring real and It has been invaluable. The work of your Traffic Bureau manager, Mr. E. S. Goodman, speaks for itself. Every man in this city, directly itself. Every man in this city, directly or indirectly, has been benefited thereby.

commend to you a perusal of his reports. We can make the coming year whatever we may please. Let us be lled with enthusiasm and the will to do, and all will go well.
"Every citizen should be interested in
the work of this Chamber of Commerce.
The dues per year are only \$10. We have

membership of 606. We should have not less than 1,000 members to carry on our good work more effectively. This membership can be readily had if all interested will strive to that end. "My best wishes to every member of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce for

'happy and prosperous new year.'

ELECTION OF OFFICERS. Upon the conclusion of this report, which was received with much enhusiasm, the President announced that the next business in order was the election of officers, and called upon Hon. George L. Christian to take the chair. Upon doing so Judge Christian announced that the first position to be filled was that of president, and that he was ready for nominations, Mr. Charles Straus nomi-nated Mr. Hawes for re-election with brief but significant commendation of the vigor and usefulness of his previous ad-ministration of the affairs of the Chamber. This nomination was promptly se-conded by Captain F. H. Deane, and Mr. L. Z. Morris moved that nominations be closed, and that the secretary be in-structed to cast the ballot of the Chamber for the nominee. This motion having been unanimously carried, the secretary, accordingly cast the ballot of the Chamber for S. H. Hawes as president of the Chamber for the ensuing term. Mr. Hawes, upon resuming the chair, briefly but feelingly expressed his appreciation of the honor which had been again conferred upon him, saying that he infinitely preferred that a younger and more effi-cient man should have been elected, but that he was greatly encouraged by his experience of the manner in which the committees and members had responded to all calls, and that he was encouraged o believe that though the present was a critical one in the history of both the city and the Chamber, he could rely upon the same co-operation, and that whatever was work cut out for the Chamber, when cut out, that work would be

The other officers of the Chamber were unanimously re-elected as follows: Mr. S. W. Travers, first vice-president, nominated by Judge Christian; Mr. R. W. Powers, second vice-president, nomi-nated by Colonel Purcell; Mr. John H Montague, treasurer, nominated by Judge Christian; Mr. R. A. Dunlop, secretary, neminated by Colonel Purcell. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.

The next business in order being the election of directors, Judge Christian moved the appointment of a committee of five to make nominations, which, being carried, the Chair appointed for this purpose Judge George L. Christian, Colonel John B. Purcell, Major N. V. Colonel John B. Purcell, Major N. V. Randolph, Mr. Jackson Guy, and Mr. R. J. Reynoids. The committee, after a brief absence, submitted the following names to constitute the new board: F. D. Beveridge, H. L. Cabell, W. C. Camp, M. A. Chambers, R. S. Christian, B. T. Crump, E. T. Crump, J. N. Cullingsworth, F. H. Deane, Jacob Gans, P. Gordon, Henry R. Harwood. James R. Gordon, Henry R. Harwood, C. D. Luras, Emanuel Millhiser, D. S. McCarthy, S. M. Price, J. R. Riddick, James H. Scott, W. O. Skelton, Ashton Starke, Charles Straus, R. L. Traylor, Leon Wallerstein, James Whittet, C. D. Open motion of Major E. T. D. Myers, the report of the committee was unani-

mously adopted. REPORT ON FLORIDA SPECIAL. Under the head of reports of standing committees, Mr. R. L. Traylor, chairman of the Committee of Inland Trade, submitted the following report, which was received and adopted To the President, and Members of the

To the President, and Members of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce:

At a special meeting of the Board of Mich.

Directors, held the 7th instant, atten-tion was called to the question of se-curing such change in the schedule and operation of the "Florida Special" (which train will commence running about the 18th instant between New York and St Augustine), as to afford the patrons of that train a more convenient opportunity for stopping off at Richmond, and t matter was referred to the Inland Tra Committee, with the request that the subject be taken up immediately, and that the best efforts of the committee be put forth to induce a favorable deci-

It may be of interest to the members of the Chamber to know that a m was held on the 13th instant, at which in addition to the representatives of the Chamber, there were present, by invita-tion, Major E. T. D. Myers, president, and Mr. C. A. Taylor, traffic manager, of the Richmond, Fredericksburg, and Potomac railroad; Major Fred. R. Scott, president of the Richmond and Petersburg railroad; Mr. T. F. Jeffress, and Messrs Ainslie and Webster; that, after a conference of some duration upon the information received from representaof the railroad, the conclusion was reached that it would be impracticable to secure a change of the operation of the south-bound which passes around Richmond I Belt Line, between 2 and 3 A. M., and that it would also be impracticable to have a sleeper attached to this train which could be dropped at Richmond for the accommodation of passengers stop here, owing to the that the train is to be a limited which will not admit of additional being taken on. So there appeared to be no chance of relief, so far as Richond's interests are concerned, with re ference to the south-bound train of this special service during the approaching

With respect to the north-bound train. which was considered more important is affording Florida tourists an opportunity to step over at Richmond, as they are accustomed to do at other cities, and resorts north of Florida, before returning to their more northern homes, and which is scheduled to arrive here at 6:30 A. M., but, owing to the early hour at which passengers would have to be aroused, is so objectionable to that ass of travel as to be hardly available the officials of the roads represente hange of schedule as would put the train into Byrd-Street Depot about an ur and a half later.

Under these circumstances, your com-mittee is of the opinion that, with every facility for entertaining and attracting this class of tourists to Richmond, it is essential that a suitable schedule hould be secured as to the north-bound train this season; and that timely efforts should be made to secure more favorable arrangements as to the operation and schedule of all trains proided for this class of travel.

It is thought proper to make this prompt report, on account of the imporas well as to some special intersts of the community, which should ommand the Chamber's most cordial support; and, also, in view of the fact that the term of the present committee ends to-day, with the expiration of the Chamber's fiscal year, and the matter should be left in such shape as to enable the succeeding committee to handle the question with facility and dispatch. Respectfully submitted,

RO. LEE TRAYLOR. Chairman Inland Trade Committee. A BACTERIOLOGIST SUGGESTED FOR

Mr. Charles Straus, chairman of the Committee on Health and Sanitation, called the attention of the Chamber to the practice now adopted in progressive f employing the services of a bacteriologist for the purpose of making a scientific nvestigation of the germ of prevalent liseases, and suggested that this subject might be profitably considered by Chamber in connection with the question of the health of the city. The President thanked Mr. Straus for the suggestion, promising that the matter should receive onsideration.

HON. JOSEPH H. WALKER'S AD-DRESS.

Under the head of new business, the Under the head of new business, the Chair announced that Hon. Joseph H. Walker, chairman of the Committee of Congress on Banking and Currency, had accepted the invitation of the Clearing-land the Chamber to bid up the market on shorts, and the sport of activity near the close was due louse Association and the Chamber to address those bodies upon the currency question on the evening of the 18th instant, at 8:15, in the hall of the Chamber, and expressed the hope that the engage-ments of members of the Chamber would ermit of their general attendance upon this interesting occasion.

ONE OF THE SPECIAL MEETINGS. Mr. Jackson Guy, chairman of the special Committee on Public Meetings, also announced that on the 28th instant, at 8:15 P. M., a meeting would be held for the purpose of considering what measures would be most conducive in 1897 to the prosperity of Richmond, and that Colonel Archer Anderson, Mr. R. W. Powers, and Hon. B. B. Munford had kindly consented o address the body, respectively, upon the manufacturing, commercial, and muicipal interests of the community in their relation to the general welfare and pro-

ress of Richmond. There being no further business before the Chamber, the meeting then adjourned.

Many City Officials Sick. A number of the gentlemen connected with the Gas Department of the city have been stricken down with sickness ately, First, Mr. Joseph M. Shelton, the gas inspector, has been confined to his bed for more than a month, and for some time his life was despaired of. Superintendent William P. Knowles was the next man to take to his bed, and after him came Clerk Davis, while, on esterday, Gas-Inspector Batkins went

Mr. Shelton is now rapidly recovering.

HEART DISEASE.

SOME FACTS REGARDING THE RAPID INCREASE OF HEART TROUBLES.

Do Not Be Alarmed, But Look for the Cause.

Heart troubles, at least among Americans, are certainly increasing; and while his may be largely due to the excite ment and worry of American business life, it is more often the result of weak tomachs, of poor digestion. Real, organic heart-disease is incura-

ale; but not one case in a hundred of heart-trouble is organic.

The close relation between heart-trouble and poor digestion is because both organs are controlled by branches of the same

great nerves-the sympathetic and pneumogastric. In another way, also, the heart is affected by that form of poor digestion, which causes gas and fermentation from half-digested food; there is a feeling of oppression and heaviness in the chest, aused by pressure of the distended stomach on the heart and lungs, interfering with their action; hence, arises palpita-

tion and short breath. Poor digestion also poisons the blood, makes it thin and watery, which irri-tates and weakens the heart. The most sensible treatment for heart-

troubles is to improve the digestion, and to insure the prompt assimilation of food. This can best be done by the regular se, after meals, of some safe, pl and effective digestive preparation, like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be found at most drugstores, and which contain valuable, harmless, digestive elements, in a pleasant, convenient form.
It is safe to say that the regular, per sistent use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at meal-time will cure any form of stomach trouble, except cancer of the stom-

Full-size packages of the Tablets sold by most druggists at 50 cents, or by mail from Stuart Company, Marshall, Mich. Little book on stomach-troubles mailed free. Address Stuart Company, Marshall,

THE TOWER.

Corner Second and Breat.

THIS IS HOW TABLE LINENS ARE GOING AT OUR CLEARING SALE. nly Sc. a yard. New Yard-Wide Percales, patterns are ntirely new, 12 1-2c. a yard. Remnants of Dark Flannellettes, 10c.

uality, Sc. a yard. Down Comforts, were \$5, reduced to \$3. Cotton Bed Comforts, a good size, 39c. CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CAPES, CAPES, We mean not to carry a Coat or Cape ver this season. Every Coat and Cape the house marked down nearly 59 per Cheniile Table-Covers, 25c. Cheniile Table-Covers, were \$1.25, now

FLUSH CAPES, WERE ST. NOW \$1.59. Chenille Fortieres, were \$2.59 now \$1.75. MUSLIN UNDERWEAR. 1,000 pieces of Muslin Underwear, slight-y soiled from handling, at one half reguy soiled from han ar price. Gowns, Chemise, and Drawers, LACES.

We are showing all the New Laces.
Oriental, Butter, Cream, and White Venetian Laces: They are sold cheaper here
than any other house.
HAMBURGS. Cambrie, Nainsook, and Swiss, can be

SPECIAL JANUARY HAMBURG SALE. Anen Torchon Laces, 2, 3, 4, and ec. a rd for lace 1 to 3 inches wide, SATINE UNDERSKIRTS.

We have a little lot of Flannel and Sa-ne Skirts lower, than it cost the manu-acturer to make them. Mink Bons, 69c. Marten Boas, 10 tails, \$2.50. Special sale of Remnants of Dress Goods and Silks. Apron Gingham, 3 1-2c.

THE TOWER, Julius Sycle & Son, Corner Second and Broad.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

REPORTS FROM ALL GREAT BUSI-NESS CENTRES OF THE WORLD.

Prices of Money, Bonds, Stocks, Grain, Tobacco, Cotton, Cattle, Country Produce, &c., Foreign and Domestie.

NEW YORK, January 14.-Stocks were dull and strong throughout the day. The sales were only 105,171 shares, the smallest for a long time past. Sugar, which was the most active stock, was traded in to the extent of \$2,700 shares. The early trading was characterized by firmness, owing to moderate purchases of St. Paul and Louisville and Nashville for London account. This buying led to an advance right through the list, the Industrials being most prominent. Business, however, was extremely light until the last half hour, when trading became more animated, especially in the Industrials. Sugar was the feature, and it rose to 113 5-8. It was reported that the company had secured control of the Mc-Laughlin coffee-roasting plant in Chicago. This rumor more than offset the ill effect of the application just made for a re-ceiver for the Woolson Spice Company,

Reports that the Illinois Legislature will pass a consolidation bill, and the near approach of the dividend time, strengthened Chicago Gas, and the stock rose to 77. Manhattan advanced 1 1-2 per cent., to 89 1-4, on attempts to cover short contracts. Tennessee Coal and Iron was in demand, on the election of Messrs. ncipally to buying by the latter.

Speculation was strong in tone at the Net changes show gains of 1-4@ 1-2 per cent., Sugar leading. Wheeling and Lake Eric preferred lost 2 per cent. Bonds were strong. The total sales were \$1,631,000.

Treasury balances: Coin, \$122,629,461; curtency, \$48,288,950.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call easy, at 11-262 per cent.; ast loan at 11-2, and closing offered at Prime mercantile paper, 31-4@33-4 1 1-2. Bar silver, 643-4. Silver at the board

neglected.
Sterling exchange firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.841-2634.85 for sixty days, and \$4.871-4634.871-2 for demand. Posted rates, \$4.851-2634.881-2. Commercial bills, \$4.814-4. Government bonds firm. State bonds steady. Railroad bonds higher.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Baltimore and Ohto ..... 15 

Erie. 1456 Erie, praterred. 33 General Electric..... 33% Memphis and Unarieston . ..... 15 Michigan Central..... Missouri Pacific ..... 20% Northwestern preferre1 ..... 193 
 Pacific Mau
 2436

 Reading
 2634
 Rock Island 6752 St. Paul 7496 St. Paul, preferred 1805e 

United states new 4's, coupre ......... 12044 

Teras Pacific.....

en Pacific....

BALTIMORE STOCK MARKET. BALTIMORE, MD., January 14.-Virginia 7s, new, 731-2 asked; do., Century, bonds, 615-8762; Baltimore and Ohio, 141-26151-4; Northern Central, 57; Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern 1sts, 1601-2 asked; Gas, stock, 616613-4; do., bonds, 65; 1151-2; do. 5° 107. 6's, 115 1-2; do., 5's, 107.

LONDON AND PARIS. LONDON, ENG., January 14.—Bar silver 291-16d. Consols, 111 13-16 for money, and 112 for the account.

PARIS, January 14, 4:29 P. M.—Three per cent. rentes, 102f., 471-2c., for the account. count.

Richards v. January 14, 1897. SALES .- Virginia Centuries, 13,000 at 61%. HOVESSMENT SAUJSINES. Bid Aicit. Cnited States 2's ..... .... ... ... 111 STATE SECURITIES. North Carolina 4's..... North Carolina 6's ..... 124 7334 Virginia 3's.... 7216 6196 62 Centuries..... CITY SECURITIES. Richmond city 0's ...... 111 Richmond city 5's ..... 107 9014 98 Richmond city 4 3..... RAILEGAD BONDS. Atlanta and Charlotte 1st 7's .. 116 Atlanta and Charlotte g't'd In. 6's. 

RICHMOND STOCK MATTER.

Georgia Southern and Florida 5 s 1927, 83,420,000 9) Petersburg (Class B) 6's 108 Petersburg (Class B) 6's 113 Savannah, Americus and Mont-... Georgia and Alabama consols ..... 79 RAILROAD STOCKS Atlanta and Charlotte .... 100 91 

95

and Potomac Div. Obligt'n. 100 108 Richmond and Petersburg ..... 100 114 Southern Rauway, 076. 53. 103 27 Southern Railway, common., 103 9 Georgia and Alabama 1st 2316 ...

BANK STOCKS. City Bank .... Metropolitan Bank...... 25 25 National Bank of Virginia. . 100 Petersburg Savings and Insu-195 Union Bank of Richmond .... 50 11016 Virginia Trust Company ...... 100 107 IN TURANCE CO TRANTES.

Virginia Fire and Marine .... 25 33 MISCELLANEOUS. American Tobacco Company (common). ...... 50 7814

\*Quotations are for bonds maturing in not less than ten years.

GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE. Richmond, Va., January 14, 187, Quotations: Wheat—Longberry, 3 to 94c.; mixed, 35 to 94c.; shortberry, 85 to 94c.; No. 2 red, 53 to 94c. Corn—White Virginia, 29 to 30c.; No. 2 white, 28 to 28 1-2c.; No. 2 mixed, 27c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 21 1-2 to 22c.; No. 3 mixed, 20 to 20 1-2c.; winter seed oats, 32 to 35c. Rye, nominal,

Richmend, Va., January 14, 1897.
No auction sales on Change to-day.
Private sales: Wrappers, 22; fillers, 115;
dark lugs, 5. Total, 142 hogsheads.
Revenue collections: Cigars and cigarettes, \$107.05; tobacco, \$2,747.28. Total, RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

NEW YORK, January 14.—Flour— Dull, easy, and unchanged; southern flour dull, weak, and unchanged. Duil, easy, and unchanged; southern flour duil, weak, and unchanged.

Wheat—Spot market fairly active for export and firmer; f. o, b., 99e.; ungraded red, 7999c;; options fairly active but irregular, closing firm at an advance of 2-467-8c.; No. 2 red, January, 89 3-4c.; March, 90 2-4c.; May, 87e.

Corn—Spots moderately active and stronger; No. 2, 29629 1-4c, in elevator, 39420 1-4c, advance; January, 29 1-4c.; May, 30 7-8c.; July, 32c.

Oats—Spots duil but steady; options duil but firmer; January, 22 1-4c.; February, 22 5-8c.; May, 23 1-8c.; spot, No. 2, 22 1-4c.; No. 2 white, 24 1-2c.; mixed western, 229 24c.

Hay-Firm; shipping, 57 1-2c.; good to

Hay-Fifth, snipped, hoice, 75635c.
Hides-Firm and unchanged.
Wool-Quiet and unchanged,
Beef-Quiet and steady; family, 39.250
10.50; extra mess, \$7633.
Beef Hams-Dull at \$18.
Tierced Beef-Firm; city extra India Beef Hams—Dull at \$18.

Tierced Beef—Firm; city extra India mess, \$13.50@\$14.50.

Cut-Meats—Firm and quiet; pickled belles, \$4.37 1-2; shoulders, \$4.55@\$4.37 1-2; hams, \$8.25@\$4.37 1-2; hams, \$8.25@\$4.37 1-2; hams, \$8.25@\$4.87.

Lard—Stronger and in better demand; western steam, \$4.27 1-2; city, \$3.85; January, \$4.30; refined firmer but quiet; Continent, \$4.90; South American, \$4.80; compound, \$4.25@\$4.50.

Pork—Firmer; new mess, \$8.50@\$9.

Butter—Steady and in moderate demand; State dairy, 10@15 1-2c.; do, creamery, 13@10c.; Figins, 20c.

Eggs-Stendy; State and Pennsylvania, 17 1-2019c.; ice-house, 13@15c.; western, fresh, 17c.; western, per case, \$1.7028; southern, 18076 1-2c.; lmed, 13 1-2014c.
Cottonseed-Oil-Firm; demand moderate; crude, 20 1-2c.; yellow prime, 23 1-2c.
Rosin-Steady: strained, common to good, \$1.70281,72 1-2. Firm and quiet at 27 1-2008c.

Turpentine—Firm and unchanged.
Rice—Firm and unchanged.
Molasses—Quiet and unchanged.
Peanuts—Quiet; fancy hand3-46-4c. hand-picked 3 3-4694c.
Coffee—Steady and 15@25 points down:
March, 39.459439.59; July, 39.55; August,
39.70; September, 29.60949.70; spot Rio dull
and easy; No. 7, 510.
Sugar—Raw more active and steady;
fair refining, 2 13-16c.; centrifugals (96-degree test), 3 1-16c.; refined quiet and un-

banged. Freights to Liverpool-Quiet; cotton, by steam, 15-128d.; grain, by steam, 3d. BALTIMORE PRODUCE MARKET. DALTIMORE, January 14.—Flour—Quiet and lower, western super, \$2.756.53.20; do. extra, \$3.406.54.65; do., family, \$1.406.54.75; winter wheat patents, \$4.506.515; spring do., do., \$4.606.34.85; do. do., straight, \$4.40

@31 60, Wheat-Dull; spot, 201-3c., bld; May 87 1-4@87 1-2c.; southern, by sample, 20@ rn-Quiet; spot and January, 25 7-867 February, 276271-4c.; March, 27 5-869 (c.; April. 181-2618 3-4c.; steamer, d. 24 7-8625c.; southern white, 22 1-249 (c.; do. yellow, 22627c. -Quiet; No. 2, 24025c.; No. 2 mixed.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

CHICAGO, January 14.—The favorable effect produced by extraordinarily large export clearances of wheat and flour at the Scaboard—745.544 bushels—caused covering of "short" wheat to-day, and resulted in a fair recovery of prices. It is doubtful, however, if there was encouragement enough derived from these shipments to prompt much, if any, investment buying. The case with which the recent decline was achieved has imbued the bears with confidence, although as yet they act with considerable caution. Early the tone of the market was irregular. Later, trade was dull and the direction of prices irregular, but finally strength developed and an advance set in. May wheat opened firm at from 71-2 to 73-8c. advanced to 39-8c. and closed at \$91-2959-5-8c.—7-8c. higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was steady to firm, closing ic. higher.

Corn—An occasional trade in corn was something to excite comment. Business was slow, dull, and listless. Commissionmen bewailed the inactivity and lack of orders, and local traders were doing comparatively nothing. Of course, the direction of the course of the direction of the case of the course of the direction of the case of the course of the direction of the case of the course of the direction of the case of the CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

tion of prices was regulated by the action of wheat. May corn opened at 'for 41-2 to 241-29245-sc. and advanced 47-5925c, where it closed -3-82, high than yeaterlay. Cadh corn was steady unchanged prices. The close was not only these.

oals reflected the irregularity of wheat.

Oats reflected the irregularity of wheat. The market was moderately active; in fact, there was a better trade in this grain than in corn. May oats closed 3-8-9 i.2c. higher than yesterday. Cash oats were steady.

Provisiona—The product market had quite a little boom during the morning, a fair all-round advance in prices taking place. Higher prices at the yaris was primarily the consideration. An estimated failing off in the packing to March 1st, as per the Cincinnati Price-Current, also helped values. May pork closed 22 i-2c. higher; May lard, 10c. higher; May tibs. 10-10 i-2c. higher.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Opening Higger, Lowers Closing, WHEAT-Jan.....2214 May ..... 2414 July ..... 2598 OATS--Jan.....16 May.....18 Jan.... 3.9736 May.... 4.10 Cash quotations: Flour was easy; hard wheat bakers, in sacks, \$36,83.25; winter wheat, \$4.30,944.30, in wood; others uncharged. No. 2 spring wheat, 767-34 781-4c; No. 2 red, 86 3-80.85 8-8c. No. 2 corn, 22.3-86/22.3-4c. No. 2 coats, 16.3-4c. Mess pork, \$7.956\$3. Lard, \$4.021-26\$4.06. Short-ribs, \$4.021-26\$4.71-2; shoulders, \$4.2524.30; short-clear sides, \$4.121-26\$4.15. Whiskey, \$1.18.

UNION STOCK-YARDS, ILL, January 14.—Cattle—Receipts, II.00) head; marked steady; common to extra steers, \$3.506 \$5.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.25034.15; cows and bulls, \$1.75081.75; Texans, \$3.606 \$4.25. \$4.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 28,000 head; market firm and 5c. higher; heavy packing and shipping lots, \$1.356;\$4.76 l-2; common to choice mixed, \$1.306;\$4.50; choice assorted, \$3.406;\$4.50; light, \$3.306;\$3.50; nigs, \$3.206;\$3.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 15,0.60 head; market steady; inferior to choice, \$2.507;\$3.80; lambs, \$3.506;\$3.85.

CHICAGO LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS. ST. LOUIS, January 14.—Flour—Dull and unchanged. Wheat—Higher; January, 853-8c., nomi-nally; May, 867-8c., asked; July, 751-2c.,

bid.
Corn—Higher; January, 291-2c., asked;
May, 221-2c., bid; July, 233-8c., bid.
Onts—Higher; January, 171-4c., nominally: May, 193-86191-2c., bid.
Pork—Standard mess, 57.85.
Lard—Prime steam, 13.90; choice, 34.
Bacon—Extra short clear, 34.75; clear-rib sides, 34.871-2; clear sides, 35.
Dry-Saited Meats—Extra short clear, 34.25; clear ribs, 34.50; clear sides, 34.621-2.
Other articles unchanged.

CINCINNATI. CINCINATI, O., January i4.—Flour—Winter patents, \$4.75@\$4.55; do. fancy, \$4.25@\$4.55. Wheat—Quiet; No. 2 red, 92c. Corn—Steady; No. 2 white, 23 3-4c.; No. 2 mixed, 220%21-2c.

2 mixed, 21072 1-2c.
Oats-Steady; No. 2 mixed, 17 1-2c.
Pork-Clear family, 18.75.
Lard-Kettle, 31.37 1-2; prime steam, 33.30.
Dry-Salted Meats-Shoulders, 4c.; short-rib sides, 41-4c.; short-clear, 41-4c.; clear Eacon—Loose shoulders, 41-4c.; loose short-ribs, 41-2c.; short-clear sides, 45-3c.; loose clear bellies, 51-4c. Whiskey—Active.

THE COTTON MARKETS. LIVERPOOL January 14.—12:30 P. M.—Cotton in good demano; American middling, 41-16d; sales, 12,000 bales; American, 11,200 bales; apeculation and export, 500 bales; receipts, 10,600 bales; American, 7,000 bales.

7,600 bales.
Futures opened quiet; demand moderate;
American midding, low middling clause,
February and March, 3 60-64d.; March and
April, April and May, 3 60-64d.; May and
June, 3 61-64d. also 3 60-64d.; June and
July, July and August, 3 61-64d.; August
and September, 3 59-64d.
Entures aniet

milder weather breaks will be good tomorrow.

Dark loose sales small at both warehouses, but Crenshaw's warehouse sold
the fine Louisa county crop of Frank
Jackson (colored), for which prices obtained were: For lugs, \$\mathcal{S}\$; for short lear,
\$11; for long leaf, \$18, or an average price
of \$12.65—the highest average for many
years past. This is the same planter who
in December last sold half of his crop at
an average of about \$11.59\$, with the highest price \$18\$. He is the only planter who
has sold up to that figure for a year of
more.

Mr. H. P. Strause, of Henderson, N. C.,
was here to-day.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, January 14.—FlourDuil, easy, and unchanged; southern flour

Duil, easy, and unchanged; southern flour

NEW YORK, January 14.—Cotton—American middling, low
middling, \$1.324; low middling, \$23-241; good
ordinary, \$25-324; ordinary, \$23-240, ordinary, \$25-324; middiling, \$1.324; low middling, \$23-241; good
ordinary, \$25-324; ordinary, \$25-324; good
ordinary, \$25-324; which is a specific price of \$2.50-644, buyers; February and March,
March and April, \$25-644, buyers; May and
July, \$25-644, buyers; May and
July, \$30-644, value; July and August,
\$30-6462 61-64d, sellers; August and September, \$35-64d, buyers; October and November (unofficial), \$25-640, value,
Futures closed quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, January 14.—Flour—
Duil, easy, and unchanged; southern flour

NEW YORK, January 14.—Cotton—Dull; middling, 75-15c.; net receipts, 757 bales; gross, 2,213 bales; forwarded, 15 bales; sales, 48 bales—all spinners; stock, 288,324

gross, 2,213 bales; forwarded, b. bales; sales, 48 bales—all spinners; stock, 288,34 bales.

Totals to-day: Net receipts, 16,125 bales; exports—to Great Britain, 25,733 bales; to France, 6,333 bales; to the Continent, 18,565 bales; to the Channel, 5,481 bales; stock, 11,115,765 bales.

Totals so far this week: Net receipts, 17,539 bales; exports—to Great Britain, 98,282 bales; to France, 39,779 bales; to the Continent, 54,616 bales; to the Channel, 5,481 bales; stock, none.

Totals since September 1st; Net receipts, 5,30,620 bales; exports—o Great Britain, 2,690,668 bales; to France, 462,862 bales; to the Channel, 5,481 bales; stock, none.

Futures closed very steady; sales, 56,600 bales; January, 36,39; February, 37,62; April, 57,05; May, 37,22; June, 37,27; July, 37,31; August, 37,52; September, 37,67; October and November, 35,98.

NAVAL-STORE MARKETS.

NAVAL-STORE MARKETS. WILMINGTON, N. C., January 14.-losin-Firm; strained, \$1.40; good strain-Spirits Turpentine-Steady; machine, c; irregular, 24 1-2c.
Tar-Steady at \$5c.
Crude Turpentine-Firm; hard, \$1.30;
oft, not quoted; virgin, \$1.80.

CHARLESTON, S. C. January 14.— 'urpentine-Firm; sales, none; quotations Rosin-Firm; sales, none; quotations SAVANNAH, GA., January 14.-Turpen-SAVANNAH, GA., January 14.—Turpentine—Opened firm at 25 1-4c., with sales of 400 casks, and closed firm at 25 3-8c., with sales of 150 casks; receipts, 475 casks.

Rosin—Firm; sales, 4,000 barrels; receipts, 5,65 barrels; A. B. C., and D. S. E.; E. 31.00; F. \$1.60; G. \$1.70; H. \$1.75; I. \$1.85 \$1.90; K. M. and N. \$1.90; window-glass, \$2; water-white, \$2.25.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE. MINIATURE ALMANAC, JAN, 15, 1897. PORT OF RICHMOND, JAN. 14, 1867.

ARRIVED. Steamer Virginia, Porter, Baltimore, vierchandise and passengera; Baltimore Steam-Packet Company.

Steamer Yemassee, O'Neil, Philadelphia, merchandise and passengers; J. W. Mc-Carrick, agent.

Schooner Ann J. Traine. Dickerson, Philadelphia, coal; S. H. Hawes & Co.

SAILED.

Steamer Virginia, Porter, Baltimere, merchandise and passengers; Baltimere Steam-Packet Company. PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, JAN. 14th. (By telegraph.)

ARRIVED. British steamship Appomattox, London, SAILED.

American steamship Sterling, Boston

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